

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily (without Sunday), One Year, \$6.00
Daily (with Sunday), One Year, \$7.00
Sundays only, One Year, \$2.00
Sundays only, One Year, \$2.00
Sundays only, One Year, \$2.00
Sundays only, One Year, \$2.00

OFFICES:
Omaha, The Bee Building, Twenty-fifth and N. Street.
Chicago, 140 North Dearborn.
New York, Temple Court.
Washington, 501 Fourteenth Street.
St. Louis, 511 Park Street.

CORRESPONDENCE:
Communications for the Bee and editorial matter should be addressed to Omaha Bee, Editorial Department.
Business letters and remittances should be addressed to The Bee Publishing Company, Omaha.

REMITTANCES:
Remit by draft, express or postal order, payable to The Bee Publishing Company. Only cash stamps accepted in payment of mail accounts. Personal checks, except on Omaha or Eastern exchange, not accepted.

THE BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION.

State of Nebraska, Douglas County, ss.:
George H. Tschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing Company, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the actual number of full and complete copies of The Daily Morning Bee, published during the month of October, 1900, was as follows:

1. Total number of copies printed	27,450
2. Number of copies not distributed	27,450
3. Number of copies distributed	27,450
4. Number of copies sold	27,450
5. Number of copies given away	27,450
6. Number of copies returned	27,450
7. Number of copies on hand	27,450
8. Number of copies in transit	27,450
9. Number of copies in storage	27,450
10. Number of copies in circulation	27,450
11. Number of copies in the hands of subscribers	27,450
12. Number of copies in the hands of dealers	27,450
13. Number of copies in the hands of other persons	27,450
14. Number of copies in the hands of the publisher	27,450
15. Number of copies in the hands of the printer	27,450
16. Number of copies in the hands of the carrier	27,450
17. Number of copies in the hands of the collector	27,450
18. Number of copies in the hands of the distributor	27,450
19. Number of copies in the hands of the agent	27,450
20. Number of copies in the hands of the advertiser	27,450
21. Number of copies in the hands of the subscriber	27,450
22. Number of copies in the hands of the dealer	27,450
23. Number of copies in the hands of other persons	27,450
24. Number of copies in the hands of the publisher	27,450
25. Number of copies in the hands of the printer	27,450
26. Number of copies in the hands of the carrier	27,450
27. Number of copies in the hands of the collector	27,450
28. Number of copies in the hands of the distributor	27,450
29. Number of copies in the hands of the agent	27,450
30. Number of copies in the hands of the advertiser	27,450

Total number of copies printed, 27,450.

Less unsold and returned copies, 11,811.

Net total sales, 15,639.

Net daily average, 15,639.

GEO. H. TSCHUCK, Secretary.

Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me this first day of November, A. D. 1900.

(Seal) Notary Public.

Tomorrow tells the tale.

"Great is Tammany and Croker is his prophet."—William J. Bryan.

Mr. Bryan honors Omaha again by winding up his second campaign for a twice lost cause in this city.

Two years ago Hitchcock was even more certain that he had Dave Mercer beaten than he is this year that Edgar Howard has him beaten. But it did not pan out.

Even the World-Herald gives it up on the registration returns by admitting that they indicate a republican majority of nearly 2,000 in Omaha and South Omaha. Get into the band wagon.

When you see an eleven hour campaign roadblock do not believe it, especially if it comes from the popocratic fakirs, who have been sowing falsehood thick and fast from the beginning of the campaign.

Omaha, South Omaha and Douglas county will this year cast the biggest vote ever recorded for them. That alone will be one big signboard of the fruits of McKinley prosperity reflected by our increased population.

Beware of fake sample ballots put out under confusing labels for the purpose of misleading unwary voters. Ballots of this character will be distributed in the city in the interests of fusionists headed "Republican Sample Ballot," but marked for fusion legislative candidates. Don't be fooled.

An appeal has been issued asking Eugene Debs to withdraw from the presidential race in favor of W. J. Bryan. Why not ask W. J. Bryan to withdraw in favor of Eugene Debs? Bryan had one chance and lost it, although Debs was supporting him. Why not give Debs a free field?

Cold comfort for the fusionists in Omaha's registration returns which give the affiliations of the voters as recorded by their voluntary answers to the question. No wonder the fusion crowd are eager to repeal the primary election law under whose provisions the party affiliations are noted by the registrars.

Remember that every voter has a right to record his preference for United States senator on the official ballot and his vote will be counted and canvassed under the provisions of the law. If you believe in the direct choice of senators by the people show your faith by voting your choice as an instruction to the legislative members.

The campaign waged against Charles H. Dietrich for governor by the fusionists of Nebraska would disgrace a Hot-tentist society. No more disreputable tactics could be pursued than have been resorted to in the interest of Governor Poynter. The campaign of slander, defamation and filth waged in his behalf should alone condemn Governor Poynter to decisive defeat.

Remember that one cross mark in the circle opposite the names of the candidates for presidential electors will vote the entire set of electors, but that it will not vote for any other offices. Every voter must make his cross mark opposite the name of the candidate for each office on the ticket for whom he wishes to register his choice. Let no one imagine he is voting a straight ticket by simply marking in the circle for the electors.

Edgar Howard lowers himself in the estimation of the public when he tries to soften down the exhortation he gave that notorious corporation capper, Frank Ransom, when the latter had sold out his constituents and betrayed his party the last time he corkscrewed his way into the legislature. Howard sized his man up right when he denounced his betrayal of trust and nothing he can say now will change facts. It is really too bad that Edgar Howard should allow himself to be cajoled into even a half-hearted endorsement of a political holdup and legislative boodler.

SAME OLD STORY.

The only refuge of the World-Herald from the irrefutable evidence of the registration returns, which it is compelled to admit indicate a republican majority in Omaha and South Omaha of not less than 2,000, is the same old story of padded registration and colonization. This worn-out yarn has been used by the Fakey in every recent election, but when confronted with a demand for the proof it has always flunked. This year it is in worse plight than ever, because every evidence points to the registration in Omaha and South Omaha covering simply the normal vote and no more.

Comparing the registered vote of 1896 with that for 1900 we have an increase from 19,903 to 21,741, which is a gain of only 1,838. On a population basis of five to each voter this represents a growth of 0.070 in the last four years. Who would venture to assert that Omaha's population has not increased more than 10,000 since 1896, when everything was at low ebb? A census of vacant houses made by The Bee in the spring of that year disclosed 1,967 unoccupied dwellings and 164 vacant store buildings. All of these dwellings and stores, as well as many hundreds of new ones erected since 1896, are occupied today.

The increased registration in the two cities of Omaha and South Omaha over 1896 represents a population increase of about 18,000, which is under, rather than above, the actual facts.

Here are a few figures on this year's registration exhibits of some other cities which prove how ridiculous is the World-Herald's colonization howl:

City	Registration	Population
Omaha	21,741	102,555
Albany	25,719	94,131
Dayton	23,451	85,333
Columbus	33,892	125,560
Toledo	36,619	131,822
Louisville	45,655	294,731
Minneapolis	44,821	292,718
Detroit	69,769	285,794

The fakes about false registration and illegal voting may be a good enough morgan to warm the despairing fusionists overwhelmed with their wretched showing, but they should decide nobody. It is simply the same old torch to lead up to wholesale intimidation of voters and interference with the election by fusion wardhealers commissioned as deputies by the fusion sheriff.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Southern democrats are to a man in favor of repealing the fifteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, which gives colored citizens the suffrage. On February 14 last Mr. Underwood, who represents the Ninth congressional district of Alabama and who is known on the floor of the house of representatives as the "democratic whip," introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing for the repeal of the fifteenth amendment. The resolution was referred to the committee on the judiciary.

The sentiment in the south in favor of the repeal of the fifteenth amendment, which stands in the way of the complete disfranchisement of the negro, would undoubtedly prevail with a democratic administration and congress. The matter is one in which colored citizens especially should take a deep interest. It is difficult to understand how any colored man can support the party which, while applying the principle of consent of the governed to the Philippines, disfranchises colored American citizens and demands that the constitutional amendment which gives such citizens the right to vote shall be repealed. There is no reason to believe that Mr. Bryan is not in sympathy with the democrats of the south in this matter, for he has said nothing in disapproval of what they have done.

THE YOUNG MAN'S VOTE.

It is estimated that nearly four million young men will cast their first vote for president of the United States next Tuesday. The new element in the contest this year amounting, it may be assumed, to 3,500,000 votes, is an important factor. Therefore the question as to how these first voters will range themselves politically is one of surpassing interest.

In an appeal to the young men of New York the Democratic Honesty Money League of America says: "Every man, particularly every young man, who has a pride in his country and a lofty purpose in life, must be interested in presenting to the world a high character for intelligence, integrity, commercial and financial honor and stability, conditions absolutely necessary with a people as with individuals to insure success. No promising, ambitious young man can afford to begin life on a false foundation. Integrity of purpose and plan of life laid on highly honorable and moral grounds alone will insure honorable success." This is of general application. It appeals to young men everywhere.

Those of American birth who will cast their first presidential vote this year have grown to manhood while the principles and policies for which the republican party stands have been in operation. They have seen with just pride the progress of their country in wealth and power and in the respect of the world. They have learned that what makes the name American honored in every civilized land is the fact that this government has always been faithful to its obligations and met every just demand upon it fully and fairly. With this before them, with the overwhelming evidence of the beneficent results of republican policy, can these young men doubt for an instant where duty calls them? It would be to discredit their intelligence, their integrity and their patriotism to think that a very large majority of them will not be found with the party which proposes to uphold the national honor and to maintain the monetary system under which this country has realized its greatest progress and prosperity.

We have the greatest degree of prosperity ever yet enjoyed by the people

of this country, more men employed and at better wages than ever before, better markets, greater demand and steadier good prices than ever before, the largest foreign and domestic trade in our history. We have ten times more places, commanding good salaries, open to the young man than any other country on the face of the earth. Every intelligent young man must appreciate these fortunate conditions and desire their continuance. They mean for him larger opportunities, a broader field for the exercise of his ability, energy and industry. The young men of today have high aspirations. They take pride in the progress of their country and do not wish to see it checked. They are not contractionists. Having a patriotic pride in the strength and glory of their country, they are opposed to any policy that would weaken the one or tarnish the other.

For these reasons we do not doubt that a very large majority of the first voters on next Tuesday will align themselves with the republican party.

THE CANDIDACY OF FRANK RANSOM.

It is a matter of general notoriety that Frank Ransom was nominated for the state senate by the fusionists through the influence of the men who are on the bond of Joe Bartley.

It is a matter of notoriety also that desperate efforts are being made by these men to elect Ransom for the purpose of compromising, through the legislature, their obligation to the state.

It is likewise a matter of notoriety that Ransom is the paid attorney for these bondsmen and has in vain sought to get them released from their responsibility through the courts.

The court records show that the amount embezzled by Bartley exceeded \$600,000 and that with the interest at 5 per cent it now exceeds three-fourths of a million. It is not known how much Ransom is to get for engineering, through the legislature, a release of this obligation that it has been found impossible to secure through the courts. Suffice it to say that if Ransom is elected and succeeds in his purpose the proportion of the loss which would fall upon Douglas county taxpayers would be about \$80,000.

Are the taxpayers of this county, and particularly the workmen who own modest homes, willing to be saddled with such a tremendous burden in addition to their already heavy taxes? In view of the efforts to compromise with Bartley's bondsmen through the legislature, would it be safe or even prudent to place the attorney of these bondsmen on the floor of the senate, where he can build fellow members and trade his vote for all kinds of jobs and schemes?

Of all men who have ever served in the Nebraska legislature Ransom is the slickest and most nifty manipulator and the most crafty and unscrupulous trader in votes. He is, withal, a man who covers his tracks so well that he is actually able to pose as the champion of public rights and public interests, when, in fact, he is the most dangerous man ever sent to the legislature from Douglas county. He is an adept in introducing hold-up bills, getting them passed through the body of which he is a member and then making combinations with members of the other house to have them pigeonholed or killed. Then he points to his own clean record and appeals for the renewal of confidence to the people whose interest he has betrayed.

GERMANY AND CHINA.

The attitude of Germany toward China continues to be somewhat enigmatical. While the German government has entered into an agreement with other powers looking to the maintenance of the "open door" and the preservation of the integrity of Chinese territory, the course being pursued by Germany has an aggravating tendency which may produce serious results. There is a military aggressiveness being shown which apparently the circumstances do not warrant and the effect of which, if continued, may be to defeat the policy of pacification which it is the understanding all the powers desire to carry out.

Germany has a large force in China and it would seem to be her purpose to give them employment. According to a Berlin dispatch the opinion there is that the military operations are by no means over. It is suggested that the Chinese are organizing for a winter campaign. This is of course possible, but the question is whether the course of the Germans is not conducive to this. It has been felt all along that Count von Waldersee would like to add to his military fame by some signal operations against the Chinese and the admonitions of Emperor William to his departing troops are well remembered. These things suggest that Germany will not be fully satisfied unless the expedition to China shall accomplish something that will make a lasting impression upon the empire. There is reason to think that the spirit of revenge which has been shown in the utterances of the kaiser has by no means died out.

It is stated that Germany does not intend to send any more troops to China unless unforeseen circumstances arise. Deference to the other powers requires an attitude of this kind, but the danger is that Germany's course in China may produce the circumstances that would furnish her an excuse for sending more troops there. At any rate her action is peculiar and does not appear to be in the interest of peace.

What is the matter with the republicans in Lancaster county? Do they want to beat Congressman Burkett? No other conclusion can be drawn from the juggling of the official ballot which has been perpetrated by the county clerk down there by placing the names of the congressional candidates at the very bottom of the ticket. Republicans who have protested against ballot juggling on the part of the fusion state and county officials should not indulge in that practice themselves, especially when it threatens to react against their

own candidates. Republicans of Lancaster county are hereby warned not to be caught by the form of the ballot put out by their county clerk, but to make sure of voting for congressmen, even if they have to take a day off to find it on the ballot.

The fusion hue and cry about repeaters and colonized voters is nothing more nor less than a scheme to cover the tracks of popocratic conspirators who have been planting bogus voters in South Omaha and registering paupers and insane people out of the county poor farm. The howl about alleged election frauds is also designed to serve as an excuse for calling out special deputy sheriffs named by the popocratic county committee with instructions to overawe and bulldoze voters at the polls when there is not the remotest excuse or warrant for their interference. Every party is represented in the election board and no frauds can be perpetrated without their connivance.

Frank Ransom went down to the legislature four years ago under a pledge to work for a liberal state appropriation to the Transmississippi Exposition. He afterwards declared on the floor of the senate that though he had spoken and voted for the exposition bill he had done so under compulsion and regretted that it had not been voted down by his fellow senators. In a word, he did all he could to stab the exposition bill in the back, although elected on that very issue. Does Omaha want its interests jeopardized again by such a man?

A vote for Frank Ransom is a vote to saddle on the taxpayers of the state the entire shortage of the Bartley defalcation collectible from the bondsmen for whom Ransom is the paid attorney. Douglas county pays more than one-eighth of all the state taxes. Do Douglas county taxpayers want to contribute to the bondsmen \$80,000, which would be their share of the burden? If so they will send Attorney Ransom to the state senate to pull the bondsmen's chestnuts out of the fire.

The contest in Douglas county over the legislative delegation, so far as choice of United States senator is concerned, is for the election of men favorable to the candidacy of Edward Rosewater for United States senator on the one side and favorable to the candidacy of G. M. Hitchcock on the other. That is the issue squarely joined. No man who does not want to support Hitchcock should vote for the fusion legislative candidates.

William R. Hearst, proprietor of the great New York yellow Journal and the recognized organ of Tammany, has issued a proclamation offering heavy rewards for the arrest of perpetrators of election frauds. This is decidedly cool, even in the shadow of Croker's ice trust. Now G. M. Hitchcock's little yellow Journal follows suit with a bombastic pronouncement to the same tenor, but smaller rewards.

County Attorney Shields keeps a list of electors who have been placed on the witness stand at an arraignment of gamblers a year ago refused to testify because he would incriminate himself. Notwithstanding this Shields has retained this deputy on his staff and will doubtless reappoint him if re-elected. Do the people of this county want self-confessed law-breakers in such responsible positions vested with law enforcement?

But let us see how Mr. Bryan's trust remedy would apply here. He would put trust products on the free list. That would not affect the Standard at all, for its products already are on the free list. He would require the trust to take out a federal license which should not be issued until it was able to declare there was no water in its stock. It is likely that none of the \$100,000,000 stock of this corporation represents what could justly be called water. In that case the Standard would merely pay the federal license fee and thereby receive federal authorization, which would render its position more secure than ever. Supposing, for the sake of argument, however, that half of the \$100,000,000 of stock could be declared water. What then? The company would merely have to reduce its stock from \$100,000,000 to \$50,000,000, the value of shares would advance from \$50 to \$100 and the dividends would be 100 per cent instead of 50. Squinting the price out of this stock, if it contains water, and granting it a federal license would not disturb its monopoly in the least or affect its actual profits. It would merely compel a change in bookkeeping. And this is what Bryan calls destroying the trust!

PERSONAL NOTES.

Dr. Matthew J. Grier, whose death in Philadelphia is announced, was widely known as a specialist on nervous diseases.

The plate glass insurance companies lost more than the fire underwriters by the big explosion in New York recently.

The stoutest of European monarchs is the king of Portugal, who is only five feet six inches tall and weighs 308 pounds.

If China must pay that little bill of \$200,000,000, she must and Li Hung Chang will guarantee that she shall at least promise to do so.

It is said that President Kruger will travel incognito during his visit to France. He can do it by removing his Gaiters, wearing a derby hat and smoking cigars.

Gov. Paul quotes the bible fluently, but, in his recent allusion to Psalm xix, we wonder what construction he puts on the passage, "Thou shalt tread upon the lion."

A Chicago alderman is said to have made \$1,400 out of a love ditty he fabricated. The perplexities and cares of municipal government occasionally stimulate a poetic soul.

Russell Sage attended a political meeting in New York City the other evening and surprised most of those who heard him by recalling that many years ago he was a political power himself, having been mayor of New York and two terms in congress.

At the celebration of the centennial of the District of Columbia in Washington in December the speakers will be Senators Daniel and McComas and Congressman Payne and Richardson. Colonel T. A. Bingham will plainly briefly the model of the new White House.

Rear Admiral Schley has consented to go to Louisville next summer to attend the twenty-eighth biennial convocation of Knights Templar, but has declined to ride a horse as one of the mounted staff, saying that he did not believe it would be possible for him to keep the saddle on board one for ten minutes, even if the animal was as gentle as a camel.

"Greenback" Swells Expense.

Greater New York is paying the penalty of greatness. The expenditure of the municipality to be provided for in 1901 will be nearly \$100,000,000. This is very largely in excess of the cost of government before the war. It often happens that the economies which are expected to result from aggregation are not realized. The greater city has not sought out greater means to manage its more complicated affairs. As a consequence there is a lack of efficiency and a recklessness of undertaking which in the end must seriously hinder the city's growth and prosperity.

To the Voters of Nebraska:

For more than a quarter of a century I have advocated the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. All efforts to secure this right for the people by amendment of the constitution of the United States, however, have failed up to this time. The nearest approach to popular selection of United States senators has been made in this state, where the people have a right under the state constitution to instruct their representatives in the legislature by an expression of preference at the ballot box.

In proof of my sincerity as an advocate of the direct popular election of senators I have appealed for an expression of public sentiment under the constitutional provision by having my name placed on the official ballot at the coming election. While standing upon the declarations of the republican party in its national platform, I am committed to certain reforms which in my judgment are demanded in the interest of the American people.

I am in favor of the establishment of postal savings banks in which the earnings of the people will be safely guarded through panic and depression.

I am in favor of the postal telegraph and the widest extension of postal facilities to the people.

I believe that corporations are creatures of the state and should be regulated and controlled by the state. While I favor public supervision of corporations, I am by no means in favor of confiscating their property, either by prescribing ruinous rates or excessive taxation. In other words, I favor such legislation as will protect the people against extortion and discrimination by corporate monopolies, but at the same time am opposed to any legislation that would prevent them from earning fair interest on honest investment.

My career in Nebraska, which covers a period of thirty-seven years, is a sufficient guaranty that if elected to the United States senate I shall labor with all my ability and energy to promote the welfare and material prosperity of the state and nation and shall always hold myself accessible to every citizen of Nebraska who has a claim upon my services or time, no matter how humble or poor.

E. ROSEWATER.

"YOU'RE ANOTHER."

Bryan's Appeal to the Black Man Subjected to a Ruse.

New York Times (Ind.).

The "you're another" argument has never found a more ludicrous use than in the mouth of Mr. Bryan in his appeals to the negro vote of West Virginia.

Mr. Bryan has apparently been somewhat annoyed at the inconsistency of his passionate attachment to the doctrine of the "consent of the governed" in the Philippines with the suppression by his party of the right of the negro to any voice in their local and state governments as well as in the national government. To meet the embarrassment thus caused he asks the negroes to consider this question: "If a brown man in the Philippine islands has no right to a voice in his government, what about the black man?"

The natural answer of the black man to that question is that the republican party has done all that has been done to secure him a voice in his own government, and that the democratic party has done nothing to secure him a voice in his own government. But a change has come over the spirit of the democratic dreams since then and a war record is no longer considered a recommendation.

Central City (Nonpareil): The administration of Governor Poynter has been a signal failure. He has increased the state debt, disrupted and well nigh destroyed some of the state institutions, pardoned murderers, vetoed resolutions thanking our soldiers and at every point shown the rankest incapacity for downright dishonesty. Do you want to endorse such a mistake by voting for his re-election?

Table Rock Argus: Mr. Berge is making an attack upon Congressman Burkett because he is establishing rural mail routes. The reason of this attack is because Mr. Burkett is in favor of rural free delivery and of course therefore Berge is opposed to it. The people on these routes generally think that it adds \$5 an acre to the value of their farms and Congressman Burkett intends to go right on establishing rural mail routes and favors the extension of them into every county in the district. Berge's attack will only make more Burkett votes.

Stanton Pickett: The election of a fusion legislature means the election of Gilbert M. Hitchcock as one of the United States senators. Mr. Hitchcock is a born aristocrat who has inherited no less than three fortunes and squandered most of the money by unbusinesslike methods. His hands, as soft as a lady's, were never soiled by labor, his face was never browned by the wind and sun of the fields, his brow was never moist with sweat which labor brings. A laborer he never was. As a business man he is not a success. Do you want such a man to represent your interests in the senatorial hall at Washington?

Orid Quik: One of the best campaign pictures of the season (and it was not intended for a campaign picture) is a full page illustration on the front page of The Omaha Illustrated Bee entitled "Two Engineers."

At the rear end of a train stand Mark Hanna and a locomotive engineer, side by side, looking straight at you. Hanna's powerful body is in pleasing harmony and contrast with his clear, clean cut countenance, and the engineer is a typical one of his profession. In small type appears the following statement, credited to Mark Hanna: "I am the engineer of this train. I run the party, you run me." They both look like successful engineers.

York Times: Our J. T. Smith, erstwhile lieutenant in the Nebraska militia, who won with his regiment at Manila and came home again, is creating some stir, as he has a right to do if he can. Since he came to York he has behaved himself right well, which shows a good deal of self-control for a fusionist. The fact is, however, that Smith left Manila for home January 12, 1899, three weeks before the Tagala made their first attack on the American troops, and of course did not leave "because our government was engaged in an unholy war." Even if he considered the Spanish war "unholy" he could hardly make such a claim, as at the time he left the army there was peace with Spain and sweet peace with all the world, including the Tagala.

Holdrege Citizen: Some are inclined to believe that Mr. Rosewater is not a fusionist. Editor Rosewater of Omaha believes he had his name printed on the ballot as candidate for United States senator. This is a privilege that any citizen has a right to have done if he gets the necessary number of signatures to his petition and we wonder why any one should refuse to kick about it. It shows at least that he is not afraid to let the people have their say what they think about his candidacy and we think that is something that a whole lot of those who are kicking about Mr. Rosewater would be afraid to stand regarding themselves. It is certain that Mr. Rosewater personally and through his paper has done much for Nebraska and the cause of republicanism. He has made much for the state and the people who have made them.

McCook Tribune: There is one difference between Webster S. Morlan, the republican nominee for congress in this district, and A. C. Shallenberger, the fusion nominee for that office, which cannot fail to cause Mr. Morlan to be remembered by the farmers of the district who remember the distressing times of the failure years.

The record of Mr. Shallenberger as a purchaser of notes from a quick doctor, secured from unsuspecting farmers down in Harlan county, it too well known to require more than a mention at our hands. On the other hand, the writer knows of two or three instances in Red Willow county alone where Mr. Morlan saved farmers

who were not even of his own political faith from heavy property loss during those distressing years by advancing the money for these farmers to the money lenders who were demanding the foreclosing of loans, and securing continuance until the farmers could tide over the failure and be in better shape to pay the indebtedness. Farmers of the Fifth district, need you wait for one moment to decide which man you ought to vote for?

Hastings Tribune: A certain clique of the fusion forces in Nebraska has become so low, base and disreputable as to circulate the meanest kind of lies about Charles H. Dietrich just because he is the republican candidate for governor. The sneaking underhand way the members of the clique go about their damnable work would shame the meanest kind of black-guard. They go from place to place and from person to person and tell the most damnable lies that were ever uttered by human tongue. They are as false as the extreme end and there is not one grain of truth in them, as those who best know Mr. Dietrich are aware. Mr. Dietrich has lived in Hastings twenty-two years and the securities of Hastings and Adams county, know him to be a man who has always stood for honesty and has always fought against anything that appeared to be a dishonest movement that ever came up in municipal affairs. And Mr. Dietrich has always borne the very best of reputations in this community. Mr. Dietrich is an honest, upright business man who will give you a business-like administration and he deserves your hearty support.

UNCLE SAM'S BIG FAMILY.

Features of a Century's Growth in Population.

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The population of the United States on June 1, 1900, is placed at 76,255,220 by the federal census bureau. This is slightly in excess of what had come to be expected, and compares with 63,080,758 in 1890—an increase of 13,225,464, or nearly 21 per cent from the first enumeration in 1790.

The decennial results have been as follows:

Year. Population. Increase. Per cent.

1790 3,929,214

1800 5,308,482 1,379,268 35.10

1810 7,242,966